Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously presented) An account acquisition fraud management system, the account acquisition fraud management system comprising:

a first analysis engine, wherein the first analysis engine is associated with a first stored value product;

a second analysis engine, wherein the second analysis engine is associated with a second stored value product from a different issuer than an issuer of the first stored value product; and

a cross monitor, wherein the cross monitor is operable to accept a first transaction information from the first analysis engine about a first transaction with the first stored value product and a second transaction information from the second analysis engine about a second transaction with the second stored value product, wherein the first transaction information is provided from the cross monitor to the second analysis engine; and

wherein the second analysis engine is operable to recognize a common load source account to associate the transactions and determine a transaction velocity from the first and second transaction information, and stalling the second transaction when the transaction velocity exceeds a velocity threshold.

- (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the system further comprises:
 a computer readable medium accessible to the cross monitor, wherein the
 computer readable medium includes the first transaction information and the second transaction information.
 - 3. (Cancelled)

- 4. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the first transaction information and the second transaction information are selected from a group consisting of:
 - a physical address;
 - a telephone number;
 - a virtual address; and
 - a load source.
- 5. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the cross monitor is further operable to maintain the first transaction information is a queue associated with an issuer of the second stored value card product.
- 6. (Previously presented) A method for detecting fraud in relation to stored value products, the method comprising:

receiving a first suspicious activity indication from a first issuer analysis engine, wherein the first issuer analysis engine is operable to monitor activities occurring in relation to a first plurality of stored value products associated with the first issuer;

receiving a second suspicious activity indication from a second issuer analysis engine, wherein the second issuer analysis engine is operable to monitor activities occurring in relation to a second plurality of stored value products associated with a second issuer different from the first issuer;

associating the first suspicious activity indication and the second suspicious activity indication in a global negative file based on a common load source account used load value on the plurality of the first and the second stored value products;

receiving an activity request from the first issuer analysis engine, wherein the request includes a transaction information about a current transaction with one of the first plurality of stored value products associated with the first issuer;

based at least in part on the transaction information, accessing the global negative file, wherein the transaction information includes the identity of the common load source account;

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associating the current transaction with the first suspicious activity indication and the second suspicious activity indication and calculating a transaction velocity based on the transaction information, and the first and second suspicious activity indications in the global negative file; and

providing a response, wherein the response indicates whether the current transaction exceeds a velocity threshold.

- 7. (Cancelled).
- 8. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[7]] $\underline{\mathbf{6}}$, wherein the transaction information is selected from a group consisting of:
 - a physical address;
 - a telephone number;
 - a virtual address; and
 - a load source.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the transaction information is a physical address.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the transaction information is a telephone number.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the transaction information is a virtual address.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the response is maintained in a queue associated with the first issuer.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the response includes at least two of the following:
 - a date of the suspicious behavior;
 - a funding account number;

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- a denial reason;
- a review status; and
- a reviewer note.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the response includes an indication of related accounts.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 6, wherein the response is a first response associated with a first account, wherein the global negative file includes information about a second account having one or more items of the transaction information in common with the first account, and wherein the method further comprises:

identifying the second account using the transaction information, and providing a second response to the second issuer associated with the second account.

- 16. (Previously presented) A system for suppressing fraudulent activity in relation to account acquisition, the system comprising:
 - a first load monitor associated with a first issuer;
 - a second load monitor associated with a second issuer;
 - a first enrollment monitor associated with the first issuer;
 - a second enrollment monitor associated with the second issuer; and
- a cross monitor, wherein the cross monitor is operable to associate information from the first load monitor or first enrollment monitor, and the second load monitor or second enrollment monitor with a transaction using a first stored value product using common load source account information, and wherein the cross monitor is operable to determine a transaction velocity for the transaction using the information, and communicate the transaction velocity to both the first issuer and the second issuer.
- 17. (Original) The system of claim 16, wherein a request to load value on a stored value product associated with the first issuer is processed at least in part by the first load monitor.

- 18. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the first load monitor is operable to apply a velocity check on a load request.
- 19. (Previously presented) The system of claim 16, wherein the first load monitor is further operable to compare the transaction velocity with a predefined velocity limit.
- 20. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the first load monitor is operable to provide a detected suspicious activity to the cross monitor.
- 21. (Previously presented) The system of claim 20, wherein the detected suspicious activity is that the transaction velocity has exceeded the predefined velocity limit.